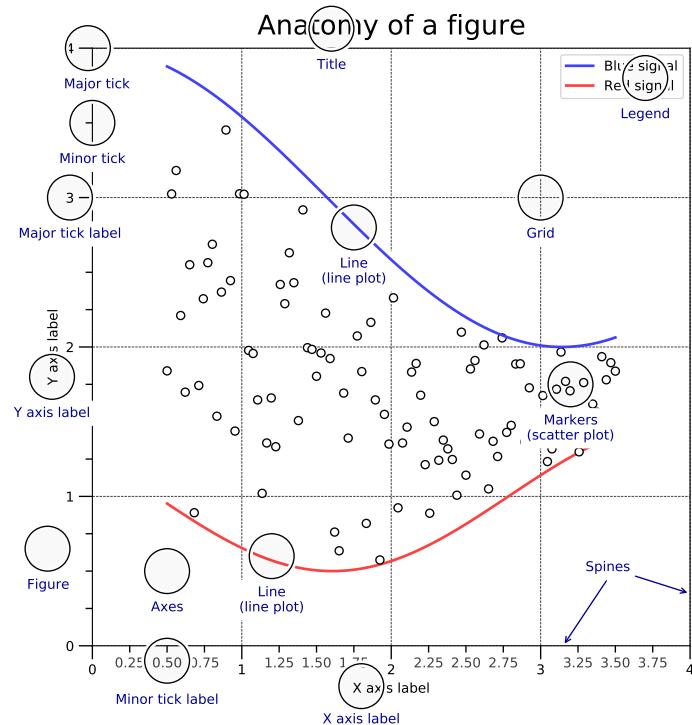


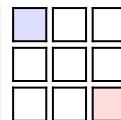
Matplotlib for intermediate users

A matplotlib figure is composed of a hierarchy of elements that forms the actual figure. Each element can be modified.

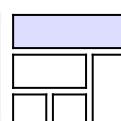


Figure, axes & spines

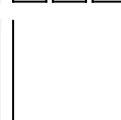
```
fig, axs = plt.subplots((3,3))
axs[0,0].set_facecolor("#dddddff")
axs[2,2].set_facecolor("#fffffd")
```



```
gs = fig.add_gridspec(3, 3)
ax = fig.add_subplot(gs[0, :])
ax.set_facecolor("#dddddff")
```

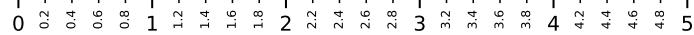


```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
```



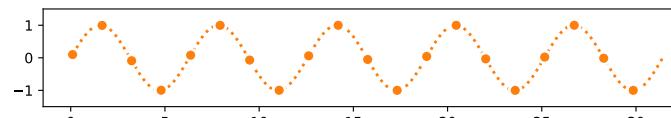
Ticks & labels

```
from mpl.ticker import MultipleLocator as ML
from mpl.ticker import ScalarFormatter as SF
ax.xaxis.set_minor_locator(ML(0.2))
ax.xaxis.set_minor_formatter(SF())
ax.tick_params(axis='x', which='minor', rotation=90)
```



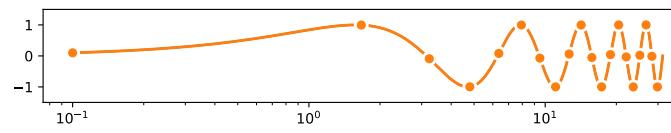
Lines & markers

```
X = np.linspace(0.1, 10*np.pi, 1000)
Y = np.sin(X)
ax.plot(X, Y, "C1o:", markevery=25, mec="1.0")
```



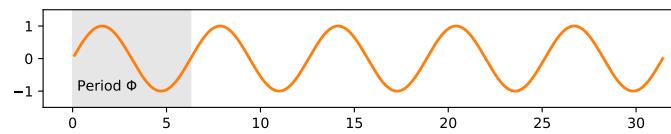
Scales & Projections

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.set_xscale("log")
ax.plot(X, Y, "C1o-", markevery=25, mec="1.0")
```



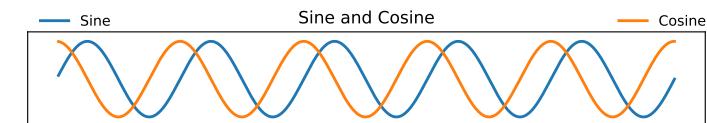
Text & Ornaments

```
ax.fill_between([-1,1],[0],[2*np.pi])
ax.text(0, -1, r"Period $\Phi$")
```



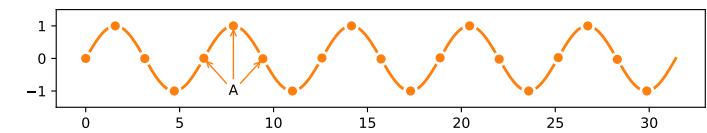
Legend

```
ax.plot(X, np.sin(X), "C0", label="Sine")
ax.plot(X, np.cos(X), "C1", label="Cosine")
ax.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(0,1,1,.1), ncol=2, mode="expand", loc="lower left")
```



Annotation

```
ax.annotate("A", (X[250],Y[250]), (X[250],-1),
ha="center", va="center", arrowprops =
{"arrowstyle": "->", "color": "C1"})
```



Colors

Any color can be used but Matplotlib offers sets of colors:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| C0 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | C5 | C6 | C7 | C8 | C9 |
| 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 |

Size & DPI

Consider a square figure to be included in a two-columns A4 paper with 2cm margins on each side and a column separation of 1cm. The width of a figure is $(21 - 2*2 - 1)/2 = 8\text{cm}$. One inch being 2.54cm, figure size should be 3.15×3.15 in.

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(3.15,3.15), dpi=50)
plt.savefig("figure.pdf", dpi=600)
```